

# **Chapter 7**

## **Peripheral ICs and their Interfacing**

# Lesson 6

## DAC - Digital to Analog Converter

# Outline

- **Digital to Analog Converter**
- DAC0808
- DAC Pins Programming

# Digital to Analog Conversion (DAC)

- Analog input needed after conversion of the bits in many applications
- Digital bits at input generate a proportional analog output in DAC
- A reference input ( $V_{ref+}$ ) defines the maximum analog output (when input bits = all 1s) and  $V_{ref-}$  the minimum output (when input bits = all 0s).

# DAC output

- n-bit DAC analog output =

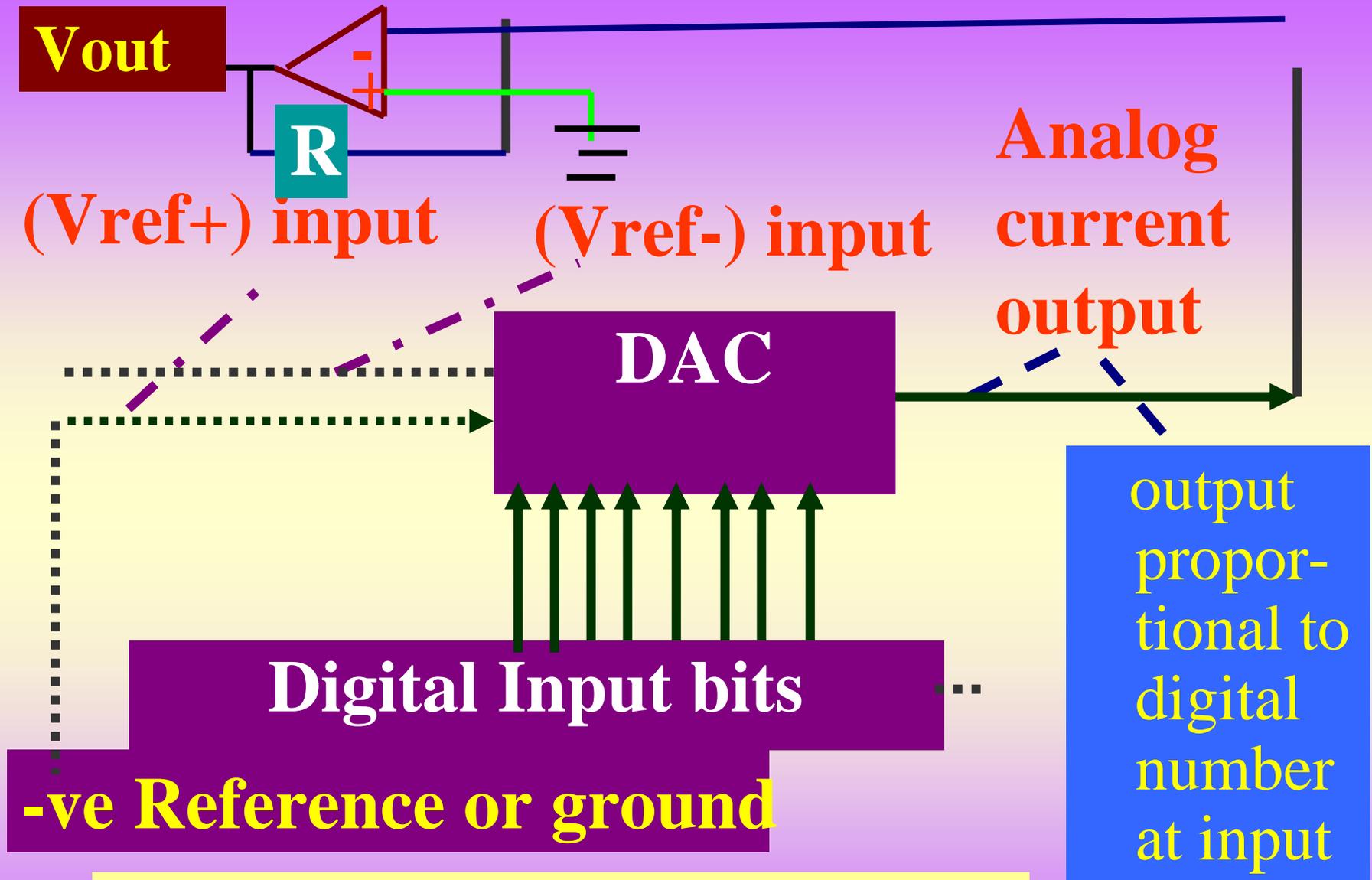
Digital input number \*  $(V_{ref+} - V_{ref-})$

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$\{(2^n) - 1\}$

## 8-bit DAC example

- **Therefore, 8-bit DAC functions as follows. Let  $(V_{ref+}) = 1.275\text{ V}$  and  $(V_{ref-}) = 0\text{ V}$ .**
- **Input bits = all 0s = 00000000 (=0d) then output = 0V,**
- **Input bits = 10000000 (= 128d) then output = 0.64V and**
- **Input bits = 11111111 (= 255d) then output = 1.275V**



## 8-bit DAC example

# DAC Built in at MCU Examples

- Most MCUs has PWM(s) unit,an operational amplifier integrator then generates desired output
- 80535 has PWM
- MC68HC11N4 has two channels DAC. DCON register enables/disables DAC outputs, DA1 and DA2 are 8-bit data registers for the channels

# DAC Chips for interfacing processors buses and MCUs ports

- DAC 808 one channel DAC with voltage references +and -ve analog inputs
- M1408 is one channel DAC

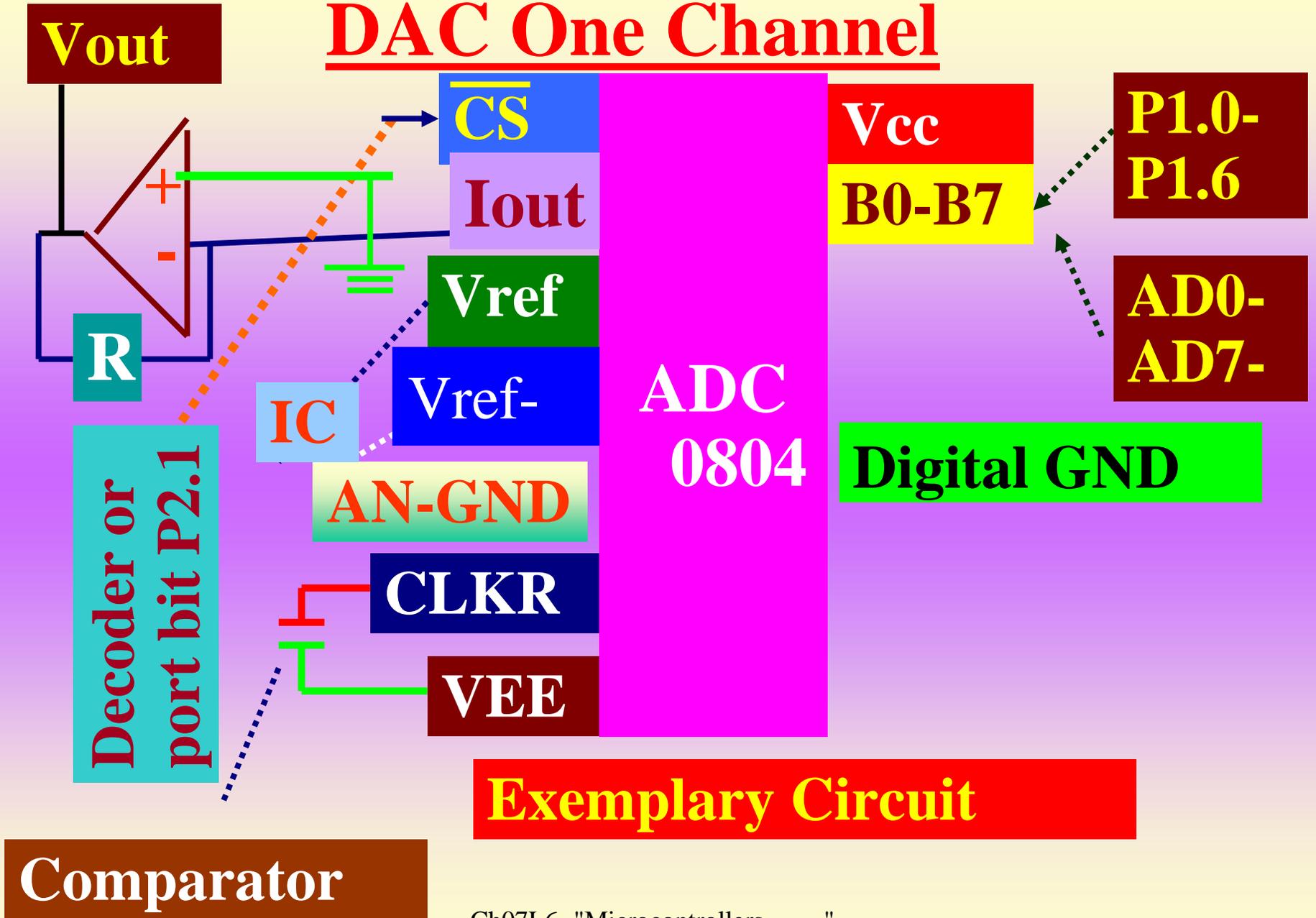
# Considerations when using an DAC

- Number of bits, reference (single or dual programmable or non programmable), conversion accuracy, separate analog ground
- Interfacing operational amplifier
- Conversion rate and data input rate
- CMOS or Bipolar based

# Outline

- Digital to Analog Converter
- **DAC0808**
- DAC Pins Programming

# DAC One Channel



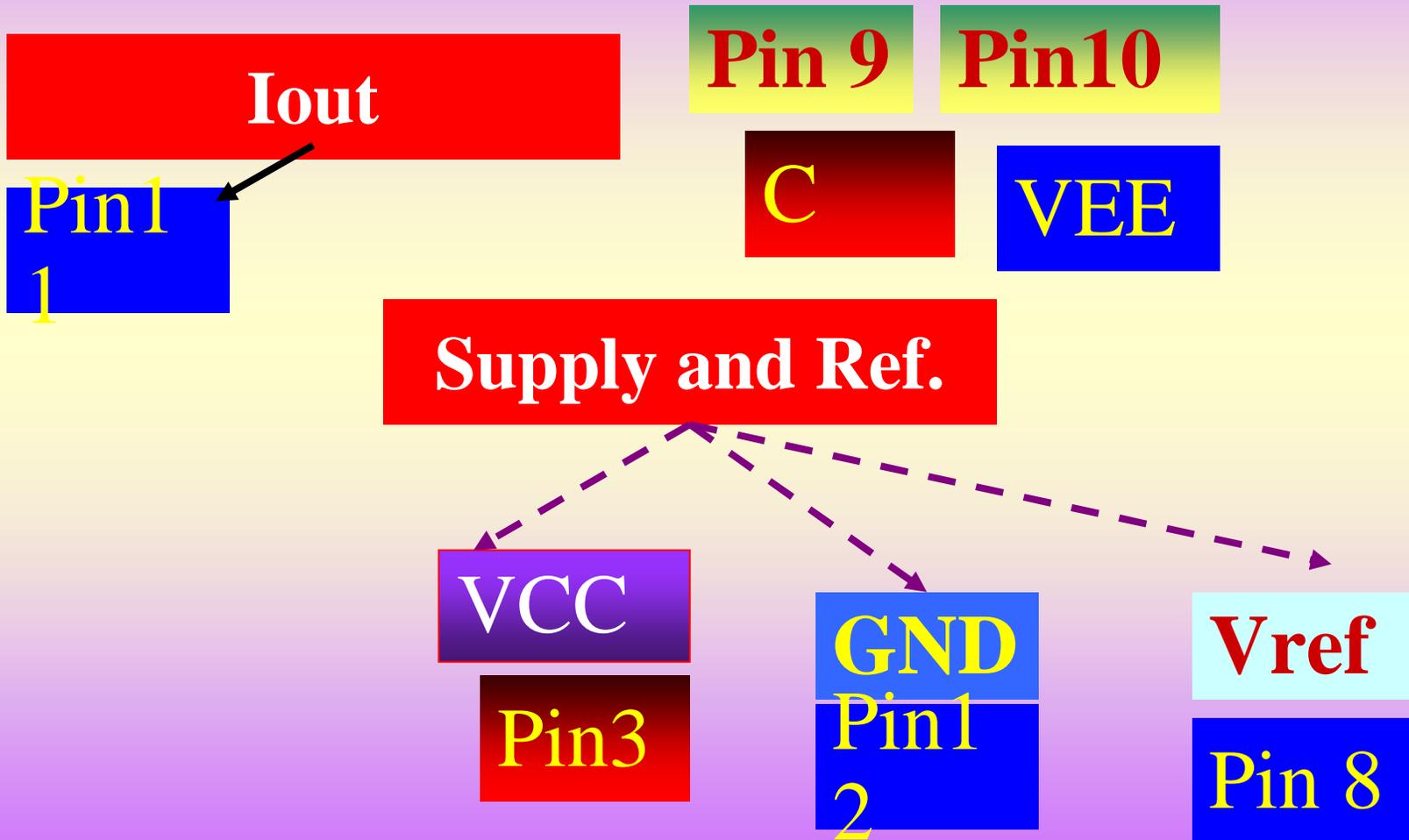
## Exemplary Circuit

# Pins DAC 808



Refer Table 7.22

# DAC Pins



# Outline

- Digital to Analog Converter
- DAC0808
- **DAC Programming**

**1. Initial condition  $P2.6 = 1, A = 00$**

**2. Select DAC write  $P2.1 (CS) = 0$**

**3. `MOV P1, A`; Apply DAC input**

**4. Delay:  $T/256$**

**5. `INC A`;**

**6. Step 3**

# Summary

Ch07L6 -"Microcontrollers.....",  
Raj Kamal, Pearson Education, 2005

# DAC 808

- Digital 8bits to analog output
- 16 Pins
- Interface with processor buses or MCU ports

# End of Lesson 6

## DAC - Digital to Analog Converter

THANK YOU

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Raj Kamal, Pearson Education, 2005